



# **OUR MONTHLY MARKET ANALYSIS AND POSITIONING**

Both economic and corporate numbers are mixed, but mostly not worsening. For the most part, bond investors are becoming more cautious and shareholders more confident.

### MARKET OVERVIEW

April tends to offer a mixed bag in terms of weather conditions. This year, it also did so in terms of economic indicators. The data met the low expectations that had been held for them but were sufficiently mixed that, as in one of those old-fashioned sweet selections, everyone could pick and choose exactly what they wanted. For the most part, the equity markets focused on the positive signals and therefore not only achieved good monthly performance across the board, but even reached some new record highs (for the S&P 500, Nasdag and the Swiss SMI). In percentage terms, the purported half-dead European markets gained the most (the Dax rose by 7.1%), while the Asian emerging markets, whose macroeconomic signals were the most promising of all, lagged behind, with an average gain of around 2%. The stock markets were helped not only by the absence of major political interference and very low volatility again, but also by the tailwind from the central banks. For their part, they had already struck a much more dovish note in the first quarter, ruling out interest-rate hikes for the time being. But the markets took this story a little further and, in the case of the U.S. Federal Reserve (Fed), even began to price in interest-rate cuts this year. But the Fed probably will not do them this favor, as its meeting on May 1 suggested. On the whole, however, it appears that the stock markets are believing in Goldilocks again: economic growth is just right, without the danger of inflationary heat and consequent interest-rate upward pressure. The downside of this superficially

perfect world is that interest rates can only remain so low because it is not only inflation that is lacking – economic growth is lacking, too. This lack is corroborated by the fact that yields on 10-year inflation-protected U.S. government bonds have been almost halved since the beginning of the year. And even though yields have moved somewhat away from their record lows, they remain in alarmingly low territory: 10-year Bunds yields were 0.014% at the end of April and the gap between 2- and 10-year U.S. government bond yields was just 20 basis points, not far from a yield-curve inversion. In the coming months, we believe economic figures will have to show whether they support the view of the bond or the equity markets. But even for the latter, a good deal of growth would be needed to justify stock markets' strongest start to a year in over a decade.

It may take some time before a clear direction can be discerned for the economic outlook in Asia, Europe and the United States, i.e. before one can say with certainty whether recent figures represent only a temporary weakening of economic performance (a so-called soft patch). However, in view of the once again strikingly high price-to-earnings ratios (especially on the U.S. markets) and low volatility, disappointments could quickly emerge and lead to nervous market reactions. That would prove right the old saying "sell in May and go away."

## **OUTLOOK AND CHANGES**

Once again we have made our tactical changes mainly on the bond side. Here we took out some risk, as the recovery in the bond markets since the beginning of the year has seemed even more optimistic than in the stock markets, for which we had already formulated more cautious targets.

Specifically, we have now reduced to neutral almost all spread assets (spreads to benchmark government bonds in industrial countries). The only exception currently are corporate bonds denominated in euro with investment-grade status, which we continue to view positively, as de-

mand has not slackened, even after the end of the ECB's purchases, and corporate figures remain solid. In the United States, on the other hand, we continue to see the financial, non-cyclical consumer and communication services sectors as positive in the investment-grade area, but are neutral overall, partly due to a more cautious view of the healthcare and pharmaceuticals sector. In the emerging markets, we are also neutral overall in both government and corporate bonds, although we continue to see some selective opportunities, for example in the corporate sector in Turkey, Argentina, Indonesia and Brazil or in Asia.



We expect government bonds in Europe and Japan to move largely sideways. In Europe, the markets no longer expect the central bank to tighten interest rates this year, but at the same time many macro-indicators are stabilizing. On Italian sovereign bonds, however, we remain skeptical. In the United States, on the other hand, we suspect that the rewind in yields that followed the Fed's policy turnaround at the turn of the year has not yet reached its end. After the 10- and 30year Treasuries, we now see further downward potential in yields for 2-year paper as well, and thus further increases in bond prices. Although gross-domestic-product (GDP) figures for the first quarter surprised positively, the data appears to be driven by inventory build-up and improved net exports and both factors could reverse in the second quarter supporting our view on Treasuries. On the currency side, we continue to be most convinced by the prospects for further U.S. dollar strength against the euro, and yen positioning as a hedge against negative macroeconomic surprises.

In equities, we did not make any changes last month. Overall, we expect economic indicators to stabilize in the second half of the year. Our preferred themes remain emerging markets, global financial stocks and European small caps. So far, the reporting season has been mixed, if you look at it against the backdrop of the previously greatly reduced expectations. However, together with the economic data, they give us sufficient confidence that there is little to no threat of

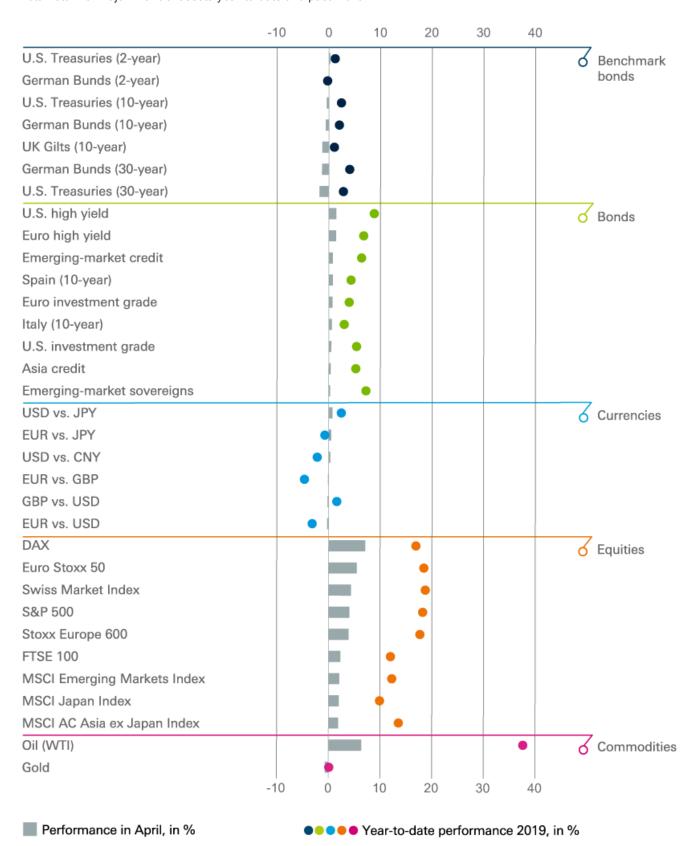
an earnings recession this year, especially in the United States, and that we can continue to expect low earnings growth. For the industrialized countries, we expect an overall increase in earnings of 5%. In particular, we anticipate a stronger Chinese economy in the second half of the year and a turnaround in the automotive sector. But it appears that these positive outlooks are largely priced in the markets. Most indices are now trading above our price targets. Since this is happening despite further slight declines in consensus estimates, the price-to-earnings ratios have widened significantly. In our view, this trend should soon come to an end, so that further price increases may only become possible if earnings rise again in the course of the year.

We remain overweight in European small and mid-cap stocks, as they not only continue to show stronger structural and cyclical growth potential but also continue to be regular takeover targets. Their valuation against the blue chips still leaves room for upside potential. From a global perspective, the health sector has performed worst of all sectors this year. We remain neutral for the time being but we believe that the slow start to the U.S. election campaign, in particular, is likely to lead to sharper rhetoric with regard to this sector. The technology sector, on the other hand, has more than compensated for its underperformance at the end of last year. However, we remain neutral here as well.



### PAST PERFORMANCE OF MAJOR FINANCIAL ASSETS

Total return of major financial assets year-to-date and past month





## **FIXED INCOME**

Rates	1 to 3 months	until March 2020	Corporates	1 to 3 months	until March 2020
U.S. Treasuries (2-year)			U.S. investment grade		
U.S. Treasuries (10-year)		•	U.S. high yield		
U.S. Treasuries (30-year)		•	Euro investment grade <sup>1</sup>		
UK Gilts (10-year)	•	•	Euro high yield <sup>1</sup>	•	•
Italy (10-year) <sup>1</sup>	•	•	Asia credit		
Spain (10-year) <sup>1</sup>		•	Emerging-market credit	•	•
German Bunds (2-year)	•	•	Currencies		
German Bunds (10-year)		•			
German Bunds (30-year)		•	EUR vs. USD		
Japan (2-year)		•	USD vs. JPY		
Japan (10-year)		•	EUR vs. JPY	•	
			EUR vs. GBP		
Securitized / specialties			GBP vs. USD		•
Covered bonds <sup>1</sup>	•	•	USD vs. CNY		
U.S. municipal bonds			Emerging markets		
U.S. mortgage-backed securities	•	•	Emerging-market sovereigns	•	•
Regions	1 to 3 months*	until March 2020	Sectors	1 to 3 months*	
United States	•	•	Consumer staples		
Europe		•	Healthcare		
Eurozone	•		Communication services		
Germany	•	•	Utilities		
Switzerland			Consumer discretionary		
United Kingdom (UK)			Energy		
Emerging markets	•	•	Financials		_
Asia ex Japan			Industrials		
Japan		Information technology	•		
			Materials	•	
			Real Estate	•	-
			Style		-
			U.S. small caps**	•	_
					_

<sup>\*</sup> Relative to the MSCI AC World Index

All opinions and claims are based upon data on 5/2/19 and may not come to pass. This information is subject to change at any time, based upon economic, market and other considerations and should not be construed as a recommendation. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. Forecasts are based on assumptions, estimates, opinions and hypothetical models that may prove to be incorrect. Investments come with risk. The value of an investment can fall as well as rise and your capital may be at risk. You might not get back the amount originally invested at any point in time. Source: DWS Investment GmbH

European small caps\*\*\*

<sup>\*\*</sup> Relative to the S&P 500

\*\*\* Relative to the Stoxx Europe 600

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Spread over German Bunds in basis points



### **ALTERNATIVES**

Alternatives	1 to 3 months	until March 2020
Infrastructure (listed)		
Commodities		
Real estate (listed)		•
Real estate (non-listed) APAC		•
Real estate (non-listed) Europe		•
Real estate (non-listed) United States		•
Hedge funds		•

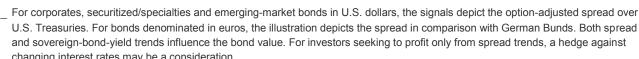
### **LEGEND**

### Tactical view (1 to 3 months)

lactical	view (1 to 3 months)
_The	focus of our tactical view for fixed income is on trends in bond prices.
_ •	Positive view
_	Neutral view
	Negative view

The focus of our strategic view for sovereign bonds is on bond prices.

## Strategic view until March 2020



	e.e. readance. For bonde denominated in eares, the indetedior depicts the opiote in companion with comman bands. Beth op
	and sovereign-bond-yield trends influence the bond value. For investors seeking to profit only from spread trends, a hedge again
	changing interest rates may be a consideration.
_	The colors illustrate the return opportunities for long-only investors.

- Positive return potential for long-only investors

  Limited return opportunity as well as downside risk
- Negative return potential for long-only investors

All opinions and claims are based upon data on 5/2/19 and may not come to pass. This information is subject to change at any time, based upon economic, market and other considerations and should not be construed as a recommendation. Alternative investments may be speculative and involve significant risks including illiquidity, heightened potential for loss and lack of transparency. Alternatives are not suitable for all clients. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. Forecasts are based on assumptions, estimates, opinions and hypothetical models that may prove to be incorrect. Investments come with risk. The value of an investment can fall as well as rise and your capital may be at risk. You might not get back the amount originally invested at any point in time. Source: DWS Investment GmbH



## APPENDIX: PERFORMANCE OVER THE PAST 5 YEARS (12-MONTH PERIODS)

	04/14 - 04/15	04/15 - 04/16	04/16 - 04/17	04/17 - 04/18	04/18 - 04/19
UST 30yr	15.2%	5.3%	-2.7%	-0.2%	6.4%
UST 10yr	7.2%	4.0%	-1.3%	-2.7%	6.6%
UST 2yr	0.9%	0.9%	0.4%	-0.3%	3.1%
UK 10yr	8.3%	4.5%	6.2%	-1.6%	4.1%
GER 10yr	9.7%	2.7%	0.8%	-1.0%	5.3%
GER 2yr	0.5%	0.2%	-0.2%	-0.8%	-0.4%
GER 30yr	26.7%	0.3%	0.2%	-1.1%	10.6%
Japan 2yr	0.3%	0.4%	-0.3%	-0.2%	-0.1%
Japan 10yr	3.3%	4.0%	-0.5%	-0.1%	1.3%
EM Sovereign	6.1%	4.3%	8.6%	1.3%	6.0%
EM Credit	5.6%	2.8%	8.7%	1.3%	7.0%
US HY	2.6%	-1.1%	13.3%	3.3%	6.7%
US IG Corp	4.9%	2.8%	2.7%	0.6%	6.4%
EUR HY	5.9%	0.8%	8.5%	3.5%	2.8%
Asia Credit	7.7%	4.3%	4.5%	0.5%	6.6%
EUR IG Corp	5.7%	1.2%	2.7%	1.2%	3.0%
Spain 10yr	14.5%	2.1%	2.3%	5.1%	4.7%
Italy 10yr	13.8%	2.9%	-2.3%	6.5%	-1.7%
MSCI Asia xJ	15.2%	-20.5%	18.3%	21.3%	-6.3%
MSCI EM	5.3%	-19.8%	16.4%	19.1%	-7.3%
S&P 500	10.7%	-1.0%	15.4%	11.1%	11.2%
MSCI Japan	37.3%	-17.5%	13.0%	14.9%	-7.5%
SMI	7.1%	-12.3%	10.7%	0.8%	9.9%
DAX	19.3%	-12.4%	23.9%	1.4%	-2.1%
FTSE 100	2.7%	-10.3%	15.4%	4.2%	-1.2%
Stoxx600	17.1%	-13.7%	13.4%	-0.5%	1.6%
Eurostoxx 50	13.0%	-16.2%	17.5%	-0.6%	-0.6%

Past performance is not indicative of future returns. Sources: Bloomberg Finance L.P., DWS Investment GmbH as of 5/2/19

## **GLOSSARY**

### Basis point

One basis point equals 1/100 of a percentage point.

### Bunds

**Bunds** is a commonly used term for bonds issued by the German federal government with a maturity of 10 years.

### Chinese yuan (CNY)

The **Chinese yuan (CNY)** is legal tender on the Chinese mainland and the unit of account of the currency, Renminbi (RMB).

### Dax

The **Dax** is a blue-chip stock-market index consisting of the 30 major German companies trading on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange.

### Dove

**Doves** are in favor of an expansive monetary policy.

### Emerging markets (EM)

**Emerging markets (EM)** are economies not yet fully developed in terms of, amongst others, market efficiency and liquidity.



#### Euro (EUR)

The **euro (EUR)** is the common currency of states participating in the Economic and Monetary Union and is the second most held reserve currency in the world after the dollar.

#### Euro Stoxx 50

The **Euro Stoxx 50** is an index that tracks the performance of bluechip stocks in the Eurozone.

### European Central Bank (ECB)

The European Central Bank (ECB) is the central bank for the Eurozone.

#### **FTSE 100**

The **FTSE 100** is an index that tracks the performance of the 100 major companies trading on the London Stock Exchange.

#### Gilte

Gilts are bonds that are issued by the British Government.

#### Goldilocks economy

The term **Goldilocks economy** refers to a state of the economy, where there is neither a threat of inflation due to an overheating economy, nor a threat of a recession.

#### Gross domestic product (GDP)

The gross domestic product (GDP) is the monetary value of all the finished goods and services produced within a country's borders in a specific time period.

#### High Yield (HY)

**High-yield** bonds are issued by below-investment-grade-rated issuers and usually offer a relatively high yield.

#### Inflation

**Inflation** is the rate at which the general level of prices for goods and services is rising and, subsequently, purchasing power is falling.

### Inflation-indexed Bond

An **inflation-indexed bond** is a bond where the principal and / or coupon is indexed to the consumer price index.

### Investment grade (IG)

**Investment grade (IG)** refers to a credit rating from a rating agency that indicates that a bond has a relatively low risk of default.

### Japanese Yen (JPY)

The Japanese yen (JPY) is the official currency of Japan.

### IGB

**Japanese Government Bond (JGB)** is issued by the government of Japan.

## MSCI Asia ex Japan Index

The **MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Index** captures large- and mid-cap representation across 2 of 3 developed-market countries (excluding Japan) and 8 emerging-market countries in Asia.

### MSCI Emerging Markets Index

The **MSCI Emerging Markets Index** captures large- and mid-cap representation across 23 emerging-market countries.

### MSCI Japan Index

The **MSCI Japan Index** is designed to measure the performance of the large- and mid-cap segments of the Japanese market.

### Nasdaq 100 Index

The **Nasdaq 100** is an equity index which contains the 100 biggest common stocks listed on the Nasdaq composite index.

### National Central Banks (NCBs)

**National Central Banks (NCBs)** are the central banks of the euro area, and the non-euro area central banks that decide to settle their currencies in TARGET2-Securities.

#### Pound sterling (GBP)

The **pound sterling (GBP)**, or simply the pound, is the official currency of the United Kingdom and its territories.

### Price-to-earnings (P/E) ratio or multiple

The **price-to-earnings (P/E) ratio** compares a company's current share price to its earnings per share.

#### Recession

A **recession** is, technically, when an economy contracts for two successive quarters but is often used in a looser way to indicate declining output.

### S&P 500

The **S&P 500** is an index that includes 500 leading U.S. companies capturing approximately 80% coverage of available U.S. market capitalization.

#### Sovereign bonds

Sovereign bonds are bonds issued by governments.

#### Spread

The **spread** is the difference between the quoted rates of return on two different investments, usually of different credit quality.

### Stoxx Europe 600

The **Stoxx Europe 600** is an index representing the performance of 600 listed companies across 18 European countries.

### Swiss Market Index (SMI)

The **Swiss Market Index (SMI)** is Switzerland's most important equity index, consisting of the 20 largest and most liquid large- and midcap stocks.

#### **Treasuries**

**Treasuries** are fixed-interest U.S. government debt securities with different maturities: Treasury bills (1 year maximum), Treasury notes (2 to 10 years), Treasury bonds (20 to 30 years) and Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS) (5, 10 and 30 years).

## U.S. dollar (USD)

The **U.S.** dollar (USD) is the official currency of the United States and its overseas territories.

### U.S. Federal Reserve (Fed)

The **U.S. Federal Reserve**, often referred to as **"the Fed"**, is the central bank of the United States.

### Valuation

**Valuation** attempts to quantify the attractiveness of an asset, for example through looking at a firm's stock price in relation to its earnings.

### Volatility

**Volatility** is the degree of variation of a trading-price series over time. It can be used as a measure of an asset's risk.

### West Texas Intermediate (WTI)

West Texas Intermediate (WTI) is a grade of crude oil used as a benchmark in oil pricing.

### Yield

Yield is the income return on an investment referring to the interest or dividends received from a security and is usually expressed annually as a percentage based on the investment's cost, its current market value or its face value.

### Yield-curve inversion

A **yield-curve inversion** is when the yields on bonds with shorter duration are higher than the yields on bonds that have a longer duration.



#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION: EMEA

The following document is intended as marketing communication.

DWS is the brand name under which DWS Group GmbH & Co. KGaA and its subsidiaries operate their business activities. Clients will be provided DWS products or services by one or more legal entities that will be identified to clients pursuant to the contracts, agreements, offering materials or other documentation relevant to such products or services.

The information contained in this document does not constitute investment advice.

All statements of opinion reflect the current assessment of DWS Investment GmbH and are subject to change without notice.

Forecasts are not a reliable indicator of future performance. Forecasts are based on assumptions, estimates, opinions and hypothetical performance analysis, therefore actual results may vary, perhaps materially, from the results contained here.

Past performance, [actual or simulated], is not a reliable indication of future performance.

The information contained in this document does not constitute a financial analysis but qualifies as marketing communication. This marketing communication is neither subject to all legal provisions ensuring the impartiality of financial analysis nor to any prohibition on trading prior to the publication of financial analyses.

This document and the information contained herein may only be distributed and published in jurisdictions in which such distribution and publication is permissible in accordance with applicable law in those jurisdictions. Direct or indirect distribution of this document is prohibited in the USA as well as to or for the account of US persons and persons residing in the USA.

DWS Investment GmbH 2019

### IMPORTANT INFORMATION: UK

Issued in the UK by DWS Investments UK Limited. DWS Investments UK Limited is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (Registration number 429806).

DWS is the brand name of DWS Group GmbH & Co. KGaA. The respective legal entities offering products or services under the DWS brand are specified in the respective contracts, sales materials and other product information documents. DWS, through DWS Group GmbH & Co. KGaA, its affiliated companies and its officers and employees (collectively "DWS") are communicating this document in good faith and on the following basis.

This document is a financial promotion and is for general information purposes only and consequently may not be complete or accurate for your specific purposes. It is not intended to be an offer or solicitation, advice or recommendation, or the basis for any contract to purchase or sell any security, or other instrument, or for DWS to enter into or arrange any type of transaction as a consequence of any information contained herein. It has been prepared without consideration of the investment needs, objectives or financial circumstances of any investor.

This document does not identify all the risks (direct and indirect) or other considerations which might be material to you when entering into a transaction. Before making an investment decision, investors need to consider, with or without the assistance of an investment adviser, whether the investments and strategies described or provided by DWS, are suitability and appropriate, in light of their particular investment needs, objectives and financial circumstances. We assume no responsibility to advise the recipients of this document with regard to changes in our views.

We have gathered the information contained in this document from sources we believe to be reliable; but we do not guarantee the accuracy, completeness or fairness of such information and it should not be relied on as such. DWS has no obligation to update, modify or amend this document or to otherwise notify the recipient in the event that any matter stated herein, or any opinion, projection, forecast or estimate set forth herein, changes or subsequently becomes inaccurate.

DWS does not give taxation or legal advice. Prospective investors should seek advice from their own taxation agents and lawyers regarding the tax consequences on the purchase, ownership, disposal, redemption or transfer of the investments and strategies suggested by DWS. The relevant tax laws or regulations of the tax authorities may change at any time. DWS is not responsible for and has no obligation with respect to any tax implications on the investment suggested.

This document contains forward looking statements. Forward looking statements include, but are not limited to assumptions, estimates, projections, opinions, models and hypothetical performance analysis. The forward looking statements expressed constitute the author's judgment as of the date of this document. Forward looking statements involve significant elements of subjective judgments and analyses and changes thereto and/ or consideration of different or additional factors could have a material impact on the results indicated. Therefore, actual results may vary, perhaps materially, from the results contained herein. No representation or warranty is made by DWS as to the reasonableness or completeness of such forward looking statements or to any other financial information contained in this document.

PAST PERFORMANCE IS NO GUARANTEE OF FUTURE RESULTS.

© DWS 2019

Publisher: DWS Investment GmbH, Mainzer Landstraße 11-17, 60329 Frankfurt am Main, Germany



#### HONG KONG

The contents of this document have not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. You are advised to exercise caution in relation to the investments contained herein. If you are in any doubt about any of the contents of this document, you should obtain independent professional advice. This document has not been approved by the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong nor has a copy of this document been registered by the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong and, accordingly, (a) the investments (except for investments which are a "structured product" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")) may not be offered or sold in Hong Kong by means of this document or any other document other than to "professional investors" within the meaning of the SFO and any rules made thereunder, or in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus" as defined in the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("CO") or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the CO and (b) no person shall issue or possess for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the investments which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to the investments which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" within the meaning of the SFO and any rules made thereunder.

#### **SINGAPORE**

Singapore Interests in the funds mentioned herein are not allowed to be made to the public or any members of the public in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 274 or 304 of the Securities and Futures Act (Cap 289) ("SFA"), as the case may be, (ii) to a relevant person (which includes an Accredited Investor) pursuant to Section 275 or 305 and in accordance with other conditions specified in Section 275 or 305 respectively of the SFA, as the case may be, or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION: APAC

DWS is the brand name of DWS Group GmbH & Co. KGaA. The respective legal entities offering products or services under the DWS brand are specified in the respective contracts, sales materials and other product information documents. DWS Group GmbH & Co. KGaA, its affiliated companies and its officers and employees (collectively "DWS Group") are communicating this document in good faith and on the following basis.

This document has been prepared without consideration of the investment needs, objectives or financial circumstances of any investor. Before making an investment decision, investors need to consider, with or without the assistance of an investment adviser, whether the investments and strategies described or provided by DWS Group, are appropriate, in light of their particular investment needs, objectives and financial circumstances. Furthermore, this document is for information/discussion purposes only and does not constitute an offer, recommendation or solicitation to conclude a transaction and should not be treated as giving investment advice.

DWS Group does not give tax or legal advice. Investors should seek advice from their own tax experts and lawyers, in considering investments and strategies suggested by DWS Group. Investments with DWS Group are not guaranteed, unless specified.

Investments are subject to various risks, including market fluctuations, regulatory change, possible delays in repayment and loss of income and principal invested. The value of investments can fall as well as rise and you might not get back the amount originally invested at any point in time. Furthermore, substantial fluctuations of the value of the investment are possible even over short periods of time. The terms of any investment will be exclusively subject to the detailed provisions, including risk considerations, contained in the offering documents. When making an investment decision, you should rely on the final documentation relating to the transaction and not the summary contained herein. Past performance is no guarantee of current or future performance. Nothing contained herein shall constitute any representation or warranty as to future performance.

Although the information herein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, DWS Group does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness or fairness. No liability for any error or omission is accepted by DWS Group. Opinions and estimates may be changed without notice and involve a number of assumptions which may not prove valid. All third party data (such as MSCI, S&P, Dow Jones, FTSE, Bank of America Merrill Lynch, Factset & Bloomberg) are copyrighted by and proprietary to the provider. DWS Group or persons associated with it ("Associated Persons") may (i) maintain a long or short position in securities referred to herein, or in related futures or options, and (ii) purchase or sell, make a market in, or engage in any other transaction involving such securities, and earn brokerage or other compensation.

The document was not produced, reviewed or edited by any research department within Deutsche Bank and is not investment research. Therefore, laws and regulations relating to investment research do not apply to it. Any opinions expressed herein may differ from the opinions expressed by other Deutsche Bank departments including research departments. This document may contain forward looking statements. Forward looking statements include, but are not limited to assumptions, estimates, projections, opinions, models and hypothetical performance analysis. The forward looking statements expressed constitute the author's judgment as of the date of this material. Forward looking statements involve significant elements of subjective judgments and analyses and changes thereto and/or consideration of different or additional factors could have a material impact on the results indicated. Therefore, actual results may vary, perhaps materially, from the results contained herein. No representation or warranty is made by Deutsche Bank as to the reasonableness or completeness of such forward looking statements or to any other financial information contained herein.

This document may not be reproduced or circulated without DWS Group's written authority. The manner of circulation and distribution of this document may be restricted by law or regulation in certain countries, including the United States.

This document is not directed to, or intended for distribution to or use by, any person or entity who is a citizen or resident of or located in any locality, state, country or other jurisdiction, including the United States, where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to law or regulation or which would subject DWS Group to any registration or licensing requirement within such jurisdiction not currently met within such jurisdiction. Persons into whose possession this document may come are required to inform themselves of, and to observe, such restrictions.

Unless notified to the contrary in a particular case, investment instruments are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or any other governmental entity, and are not guaranteed by or obligations of DWS Group.

© 2019 Deutsche Asset Management (Asia) Limited

Publisher: DWS Investment GmbH, Mainzer Landstraße 11-17, 60329 Frankfurt am Main, Germany